Key Findings of the Comprehensive Review:

JICA Project for Institutional Capacity Strengthening for the Implementation of the Bangkok Master Plan on Climate Change 2013-2023 in the Kingdom of Thailand

Makoto Kato

Team Leader, Short-term Expert Team

Quick Summary of Major Achievements (1)

Mitigation of GHG and Adaptation to Climate Change

- ✓ GHG mitigation is in steady progress as a whole in Bangkok (42.75 million t-CO2e in 2016)
 - Transport (12.41 million t-CO2e)
 - Energy (25.81 million t-CO2e)
 - Solid waste and waste water (4.57 million t-CO2e)
 - ➢ Green Urban Planning (-0.045 million t-CO2e)
- ✓Infrastructure development improved resilience of Bangkok against negative impacts of climate change to some extent

Quick Summary of Major Achievements (2)

Institutional Development

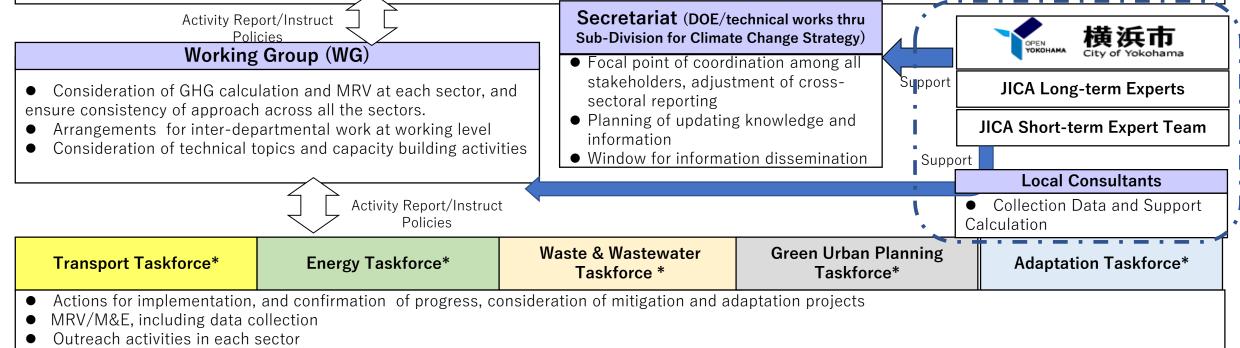
✓The BMA established and strengthened the institutional arrangement for implementing the Bangkok Master Plan on Climate Change.

✓The BMA initiated integrating climate actions into the BMA's planning and budget cycle.

Institutional Arrangement for the Implementation of the Bangkok Master Plan on Climate Change

Steering Committee (SC), organized in conjunction with Joint Coordinating Committee (JCC)

- Decisions on whole policy on the Master Plan implementation
- Coordination and adjustment of Policy level with Royal Authorities and relevant BMA departments
 - Report and stock-take of relevant activities with Royal Authorities and relevant BMA departments
 - Consider adjustment of policy implementation schedule, with reference to those of Royal Authorities
 - Advice on policy and technical issues (incl. MRV) to the Working Group level
 - > Advice on coordination with supporting schemes provided by Royal Authorities
- Management of Progress on implementation of Master Plan



* Officials from more than 2 departments participate in a TF

* Task Forces are also in close communication and collaboration with relevant Royal Authorities for technical work.

External support by JICA is only available during the Technical Cooperation Project

Consideration on policy and technical issues

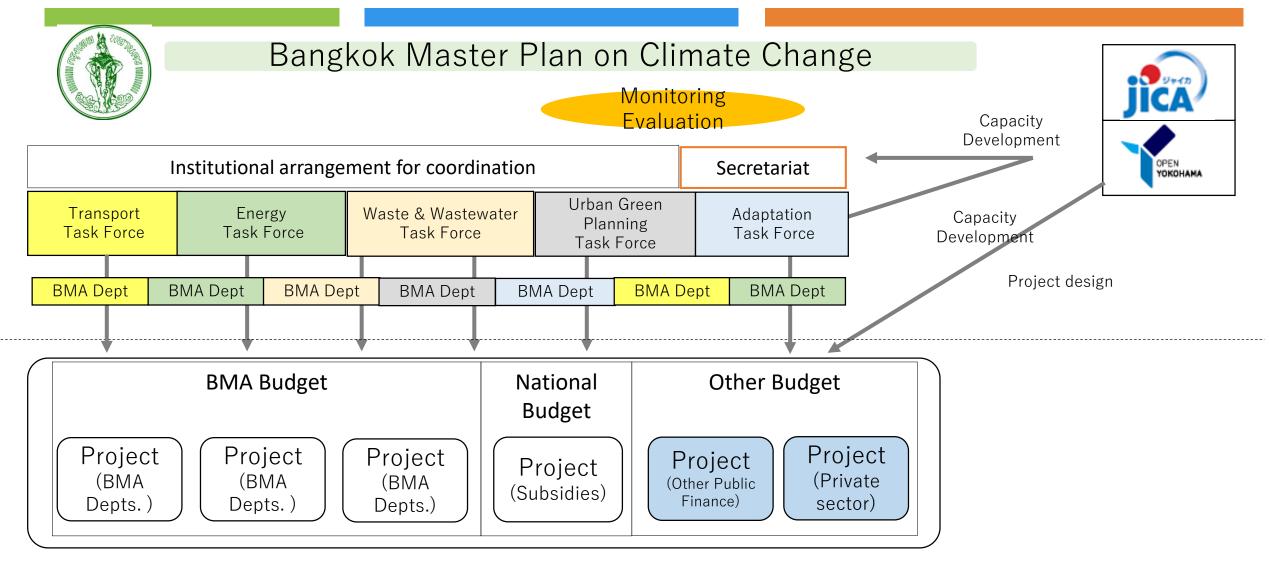
- ✓ Selection of priority projects for mitigation and adaptation measures
- Proposals for budget request of priority projects
- Measurement, report, and verification (MRV) and monitoring and evaluation (M&E) of projects
- ✓ Comprehensive Review of the Progress of the Master Plan, etc.



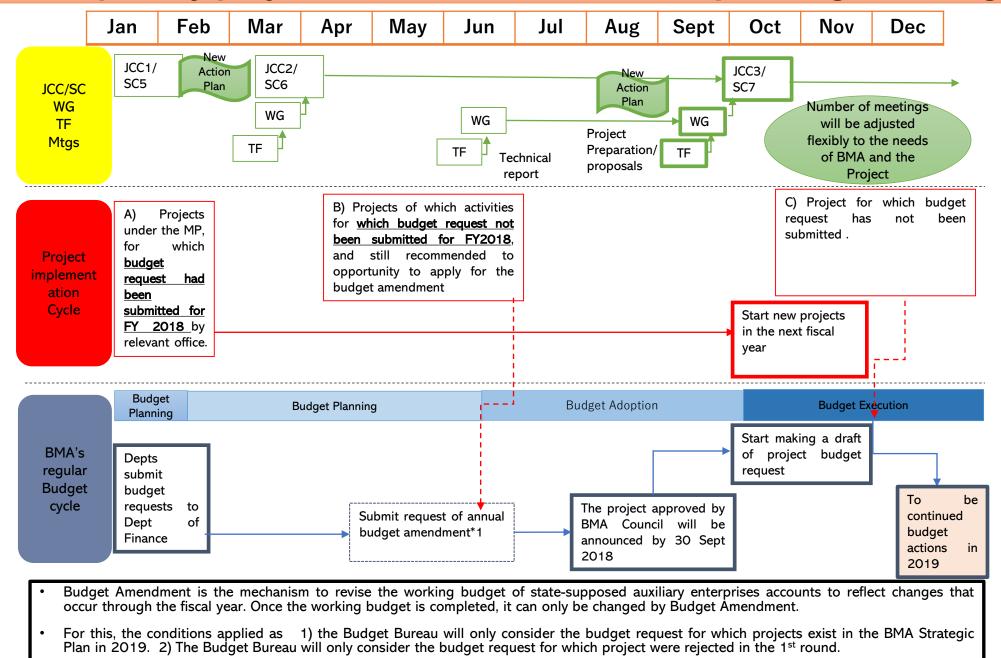


Efforts to integrate climate actions into the BMA's planning and budget cycle

Background: Towards implementation of Bangkok Master Plan



Alignment of priority project selection with the BMA's planning and budget cycle



7

Remaining Challenges

✓ Challenges remain in key sectors

Efforts to promote energy efficiency are not enough to achieve the target set by the Key Performance Indicators (KPI)

Efforts to promotion of energy efficiency and renewable energy in the private sector is limited

➢ The BMA in cooperation with the Royal Authorities needs to design and implement effective policy to induce shift from private vehicles

- Difficulties in tracking the progress of adaptation
- ✓Needs for strengthening the capacity of the BMA, including the CCS as the focal point
- ✓Increasing the awareness within the BMA, including high level officials and key departments

Emerging Needs

- ✓ Updating and strengthening climate actions to respond to the Paris Agreement and the Thai Government new climate policy
- ✓ Filling a time gap between the current 2020 target and 2030
- ✓ Local urban challenges, such as PM2.5, should be addressed in combination with climate change issues



Ways Forward

- ✓A new mitigation target at 2030 should be set for the BMA's climate actions.
- ✓Updating actions mentioned in the NDC Action Plan and NAP is necessary.
- ✓Mainstreaming climate actions within BMA's policy is crucial, by establishing a stronger linkage with higher policy, such as the Bangkok Strategy for Development.
- Strengthening collaboration with C40 will provide various opportunities to exchange updated information on climate change policy actions by member cities.
- ✓ Strengthening the capacity of the BMA is important for sustainable efforts to address climate change issues, including the CCS.